

## Graphene Oxide Reinforced Sustainable Geopolymer Concrete

#### Submitted By:-

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### **Salient Features of Project**

- Development of sustainable and eco friendly Geopolymer Concrete (GPC) by utilizing waste foundry sand (WFS) as replacement of natural sand and coarse recycled concrete aggregates (RCA) as replacement of coarse natural aggregates
- Enhancement of fracture properties of Geopolymer concrete by incorporating Graphene oxide (GO), carbon based nano material
- Study the effectiveness of retrofitting using GPC

### **Research Significance**

- Utilization of waste materials such as WFS and RCA in GPC will lessen the burden on environment and will solve the problem of waste disposal.
- Limited research has been done on the use of WFS in concrete. Moreover, negligible research has been found on the use of WFS in GPC.
- Addition of Graphene oxide (GO) in concrete is expected to enhance fracture toughness of GPC and may also help in recovering the loss in strength of concrete due to incorporation of WFS and RCA.

### **Objectives**

1. To develop Geopolymer concrete with foundry sand and RCA.

- 2. To develop Geopolymer concrete with foundry sand and RCA by incorporating Graphene Oxide.
- 3. To study strength and durability properties of concrete in fresh and hardened state.
- 4. To check the efficacy of geopolymer concrete developed in retrofitting of columns.

### **Expected Outcomes**

- Sustainable concrete is expected to be developed as WFS and RCA are used in high replacement ratio to prepare an environment friendly and durable composite.
- Inclusion of fine materials i.e. WFS and GO in GPC are expected to enhance its mechanical performance and reduce the permeability by filling the pores of the composite material.
  - Graphene oxide has been reported to improve the fracture properties of ceramic and polymeric composites due to its superior physical and chemical properties hence improvement in the fracture properties of GPC developed in this research is expected.

# Cost Analysis of Particulars Required

### Particulars required

50,000 (LS)
75,000
63,000
75,000
50,000
3,13,000

### **Particulars** required

S.no.	Particular	Quantity	Cost (in Rupees)	
2	Labour charges (Two daily wage laborer for period of one year)	2	1,50,000	
3	Contingency and other costs, stationary, Literature, transportation charges, attending workshops and conferences, boarding and lodging charges etc.	Lump Sum	2,00,000	
4	Testing charges for microscopic study (SEM, XRD etc.)	-	#1,00,000	
5	Intellectual fee to Principal Investigator (for 16 months)	@ Rs. 10,000/ PM	1,60,000	
	Total (in Rupees)			
	Institutional overhead @ 15%			
	GRAND TOTAL COST (in Rupees)			

**Total Project Cost: Ten Lac Sixty One Thousand Four Hundred and Fifty only.** 

# Testing charges have been reduced to Rs 1.0 Lac from Rs 3.0 Lac because one of the instruments is being purchased by NIT Hamirpur itself, earlier the testing of which was proposed to conduct in some other institute by paying testing charges including TA&DA (Rs 2.0 Lac)

#### Testing - Testing age and specimen size

Test	Specimen Size (mm)	Testing Ages (Days)	No. of specimens for each testing age	Total specimens
Compressive Strength Test	100x100x100 size cubes	28, 56, 90	3	9
Flexural Strength Test	100x100x500 size beams	28, 56, 90	3	9
#RCPT	100 dia x 200 height	56, 90	3	6
	24			
	696			

# Earlier due to unavailability of RCPT equipment at NIT Hamirpur it was proposed to conduct this testing at some other institute for which testing charges were demanded (for approx. 174 samples)

### Work Plan



# **THANK YOU**